



From the lake to the plate:

Assessing gender vulnerabilities throughout the fisheries chain

Lake Selingué, Mali

Charlotte Howard (Tindall) &

Katrien Holvoet



SFLP

Equipe: Fatmata Bah, Dombia Fousenyi; Yattara; Oulematu;

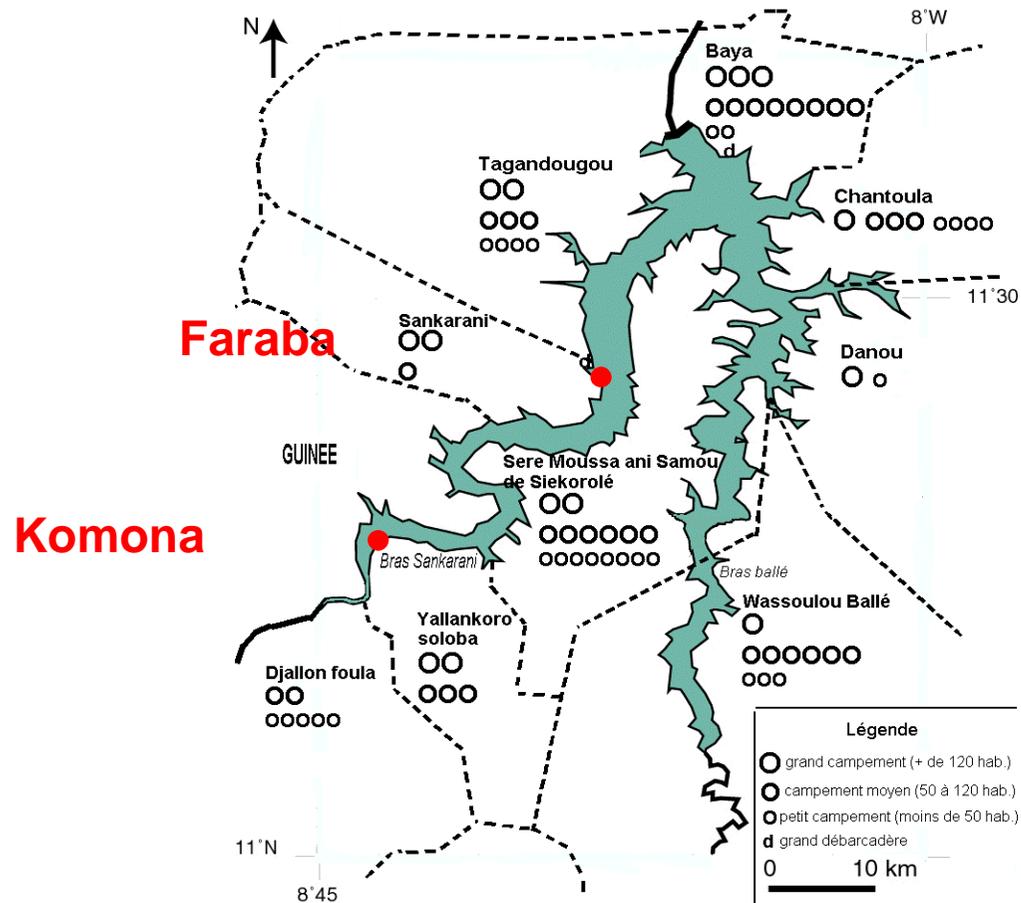






Lake Selingué

Bamako
150km



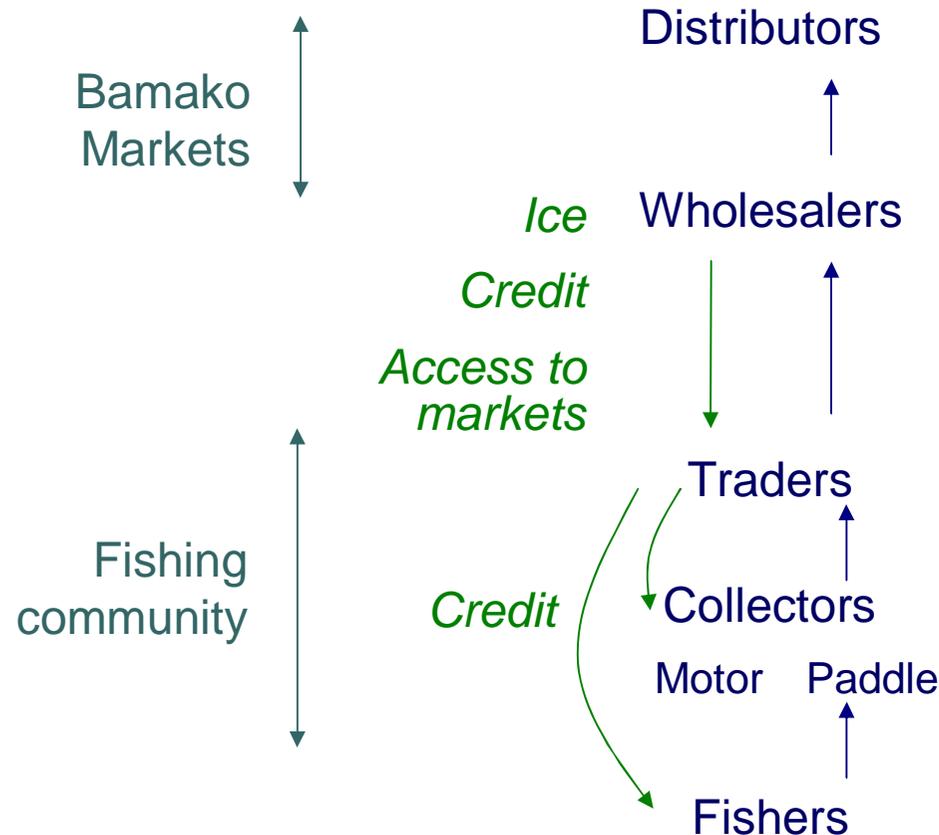


Key findings

- Gender analysis starting at the community and going through entire chain:
 1. Reduces vulnerability and poverty especially among marginal groups e.g. women
 2. Contributes to sustainable fisheries management

An illustrative example

1. Post-harvest vulnerabilities



Power relations:

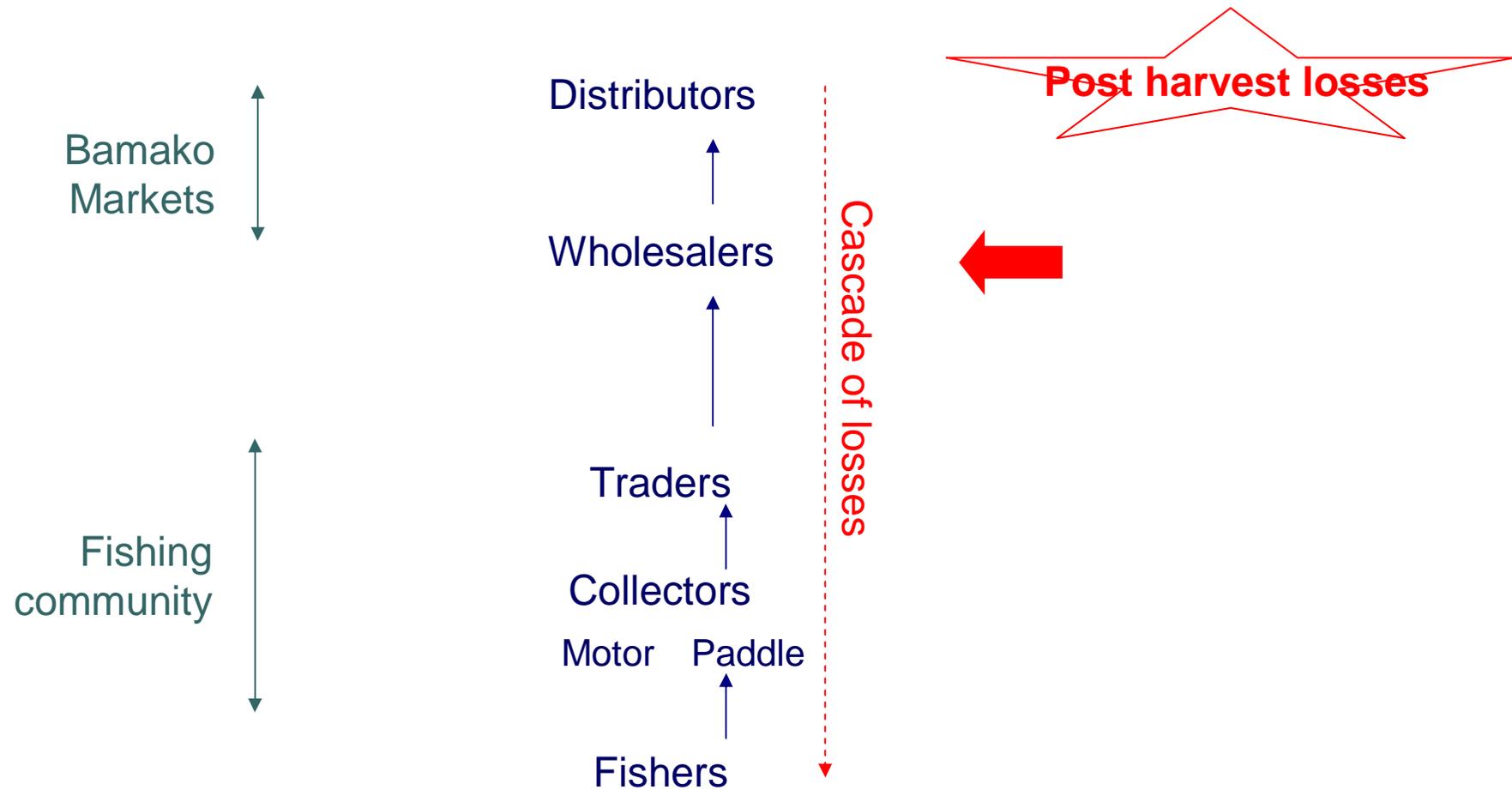
- No fixed price
- No alternative markets
- Pay after sale
- Reduced prices high season

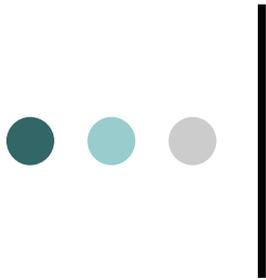
Change in roles:

- Risk aversion
- Less involved in trader association management
 - vehicle
 - association credit
- Lower literacy

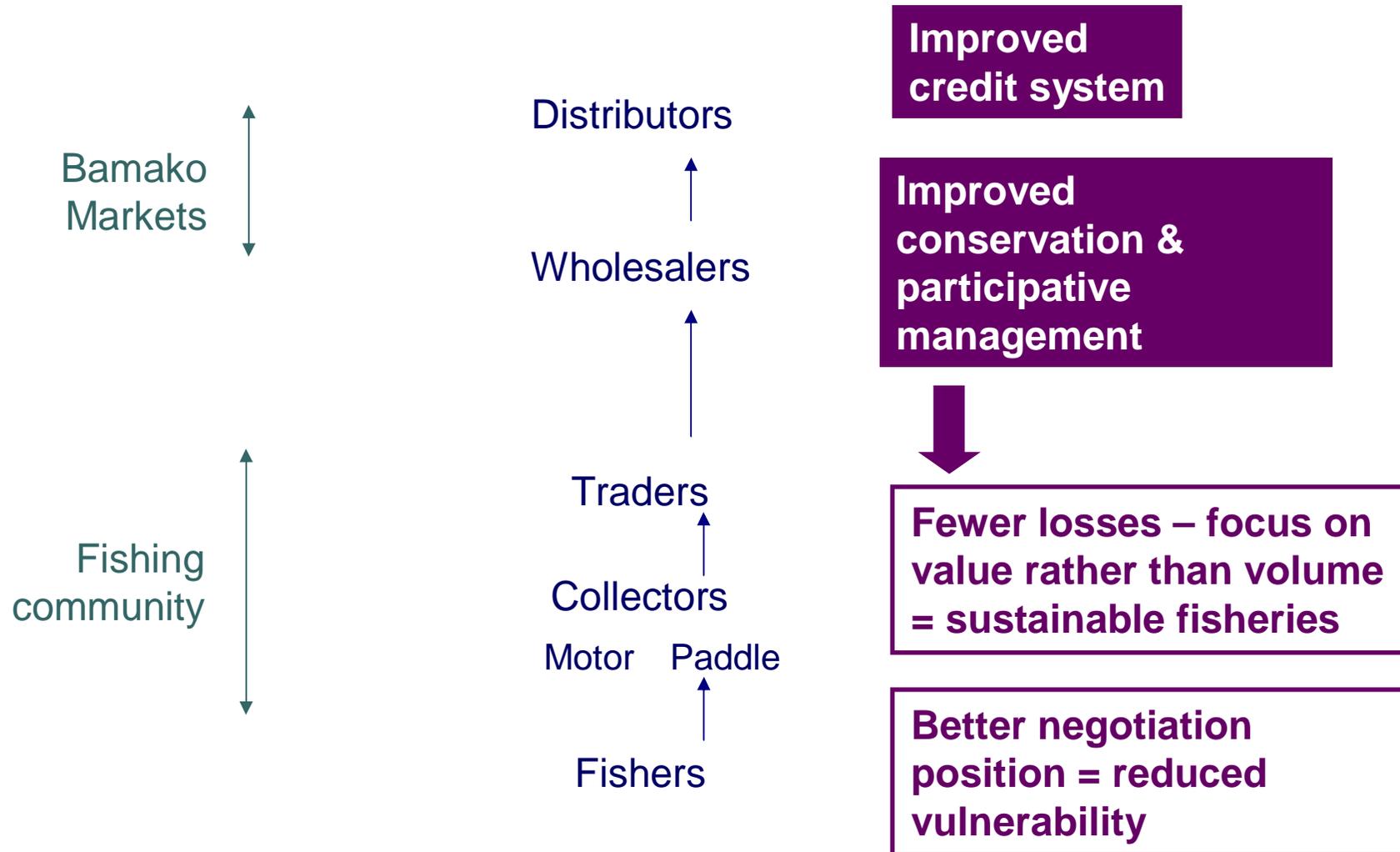


1. Post-harvest vulnerabilities





1. Post-harvest vulnerabilities





Summary

- Gender analysis throughout commodity chain
- Link communities with their markets
- Assists not just women but also entire community and sustainability of their resources
- For more information: c.howard@mrag.co.uk

Fisheries chain

